

Climate
Change Subprogramme:
Importance
of CC
Network

Regional Office of Asia and the Pacific



1 Overview of Climate Change Sub-programme 2 Priority for 2012-2013 3 Why Climate Change Network 4 UNEP Initiatives in Central Asia

Overview of the CC Sub-programme • Geographical coverage • 27 Countries + • Thematic coverage • Adaptation (16 countries) • Mitigation (23 countries) • REDD (8 countries) • Science and outreach (3 countries and regional) • Types of Activities • Science and assessment • Knowledge and capacity building • Policy support and integration • Awareness raising

Priority themes for PoW 2012-2013 Adaptation, including an ecosystem-based Low carbon and adaptation clean energy sources approach, is and technology Reduction in incorporated into country alternatives deforestation and increasingly adopted, land degradation Countries' access to development inefficient with countries Increased access of planning and climate change technologies phased finance is facilitated moving towards target audiences to policymaking based out and economic sustainable forest relevant climate at all levels and on scientific growth, pollution change assessments, policy successful management, and GHG emissions innovative financing conservation and assessments and and legislative decoupled by full terrestrial information for advice, and lessons mechanisms are countries based on carbon accounting decision-making learned from pilot assessed and technical and based on tackling all and long-term projects supported promoted at the economic drivers of planning by UNEP and regional and global assessments, deforestation, and adaptation cooperation, policy taking fully into experiences, advice, legislative account co-benefits including an support and catalytic and safeguards ecosystem-based financing approach, mechanisms showcased at the global level

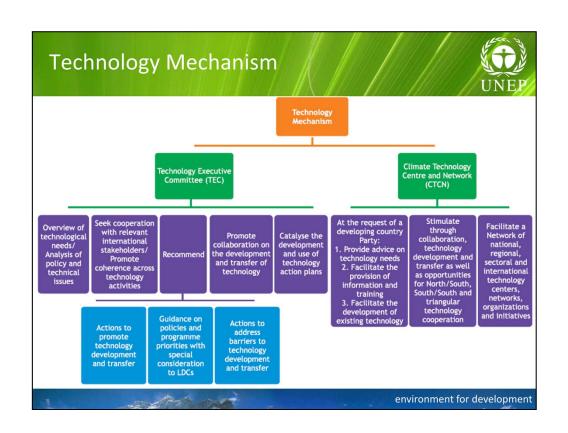
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Graphics to be used as required

Why Climate Change Network?



- Developing Countries to the UNFCCC face a growing challenge
 - Climate agenda is expanding national and international levels (Green Climate Fund, Technology Mechanism, Adaptation Framework, NAMA);
 - Obligations for reporting and providing information to the UNFCCC secretariat are increasing – National Communication, NAPA etc;
 - Convention-related processes are more frequent and demanding number of intergovernmental meetings are expanding and more preparation is required;
 - Governments are widening national discussions about complex and interrelated issues, bring other ministries and department onboard – meaning more work at home
- But, the institutional support arrangements and capacity of staff working on climate change are not keeping pace with these rising demands. It is harder and harder to keep up!



Network of Climate Change Focal Points and Experts Can Help



- Strengthening institutional capacity of climate change focal points offices and other institutions at national and regional levels – a means to deal with these growing demands;
- Jointly commissioned analysis on issues of mutual interest at sub-regional or regional levels;
- Support for short term national activities of interest to the wider group – integration of climate change into development policy and plans
- Structured Network meetings covering concerns of the countries/sub-region
- Mechanisms for exchange of experience and knowledge

Promotion of Low Carbon Emission Societies in Central Asia



- Establishment of Climate Change Network at regional level
 - Knowledge Sharing and Information Exchange
 - Cooperation on Technology Transfer,
 Capacity Building and Project Implementation;
 - Higher levels of awareness on climate change and the potential impacts and opportunities.
- Development of cleaner technology plans for selected sectors and technologies
 - o Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency
- Establishment of energy performance standards and development of market





Asia Pacific Adaptation Network



- Facilitate climate change adaptation in Asia at local, national and regional levels and strengthen adaptive capacity
- Working with sub-regional intergovernmental bodies, climate change focal points and other government and non-government organizations, centre of excellence



Asia Pacific Adaptation Network



- Generate and share knowledge, experiences and information for improved capacity and effective implementation
- Facilitate application of appropriate knowledge to adaptation programs/projects;
- Facilitate development planning and investment decisions to support sustainable adaptation approaches
- Assist developing countries to access adaptation finance mechanisms



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Adaptation Knowledge Platform for Asia



Component 1: Regional Knowledge Sharing Mechanism

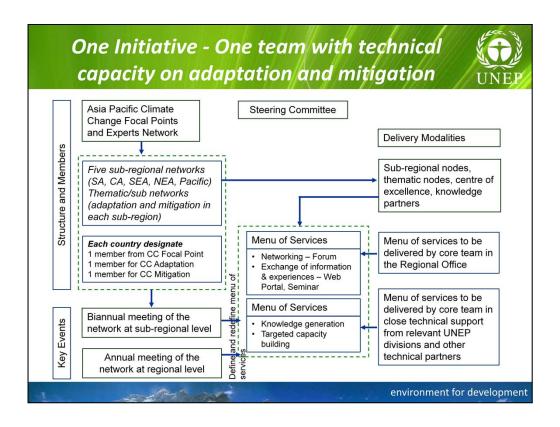
 Climate Change Adaptation in Asia & the Pacific portal

 Asia-Pacific Climate Change Adaptation Forum 2010

- o Periodic seminars, dialogues
- Regional-level training and capacitybuilding activities
- Synthesizing & Disseminating Global Experiences

Asia-Pacific Climate Change Adaptation Forum 2010





The proposed Asia Pacific Regional Climate Change Focal Points Network will cover activities related to adaptation and mitigation. Network is a primary means to networking and exchange information and experiences, indentify menu of services (thematic, sub-regional, sector etc) and use as a continuous feedback mechanism to update Menu of Services for adaptation and mitigation. The menu of services categories under two groups i.e. non-technical types and technical types. It will engages UNEP divisions and units as well as key technical partners to deliver different menu of services depending on non-technical and technical nature of menu of services.

