



7TH ASIA-PACIFIC
CLIMATE CHANGE
ADAPTATION FORUM

ADB

Improving Resilience with Climate-Resilient and Smart Water Infrastructure

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Project Snapshot

PRC: Climate-Resilient and Smart Urban Water Infrastructure Project

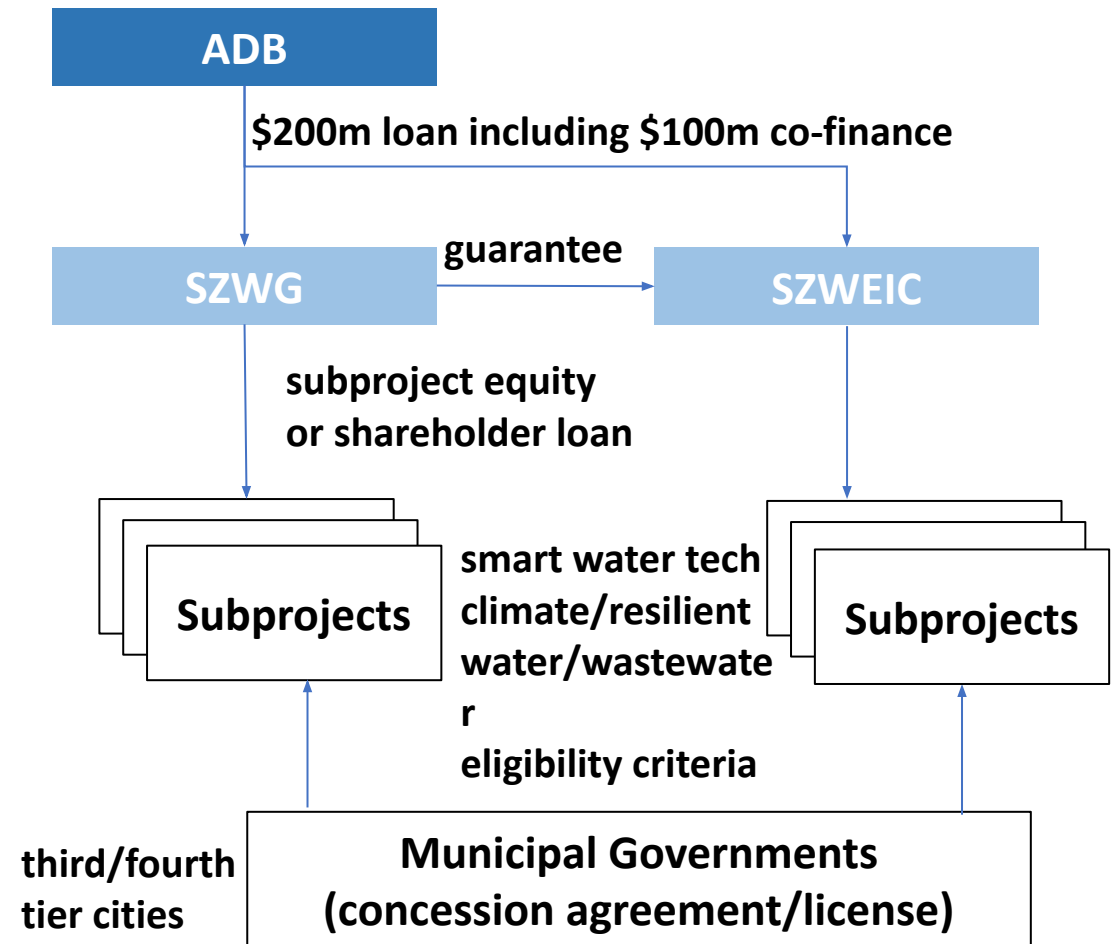
Sector challenges: the PRC is one of the world's most water-stressed countries; water scarcity is exacerbated by climate change

Purpose: to facilitate climate-resilient and smart urban water management

Borrowers: Shenzhen Water Group (SZWG); Shenzhen Water and Environment Investment Group (SZWEIC)

Financing terms: local currency loan; tenor 10 years; availability period 3 years

Nonfinancial value addition: mainstreaming climate change, resilience and smart water technologies / gender mainstreaming / safeguards / knowledge sharing to replicate the Project



Smart Water Technology

Smart Water Management is a combination of sensors and instruments, communication network, and data processing, to make a water network respond to real-time data:



Remote sensors to monitor water quantity, quality, and timing for re-chlorination and automatic flushing



Hydraulic modeling with field data to detect network anomalies (pressure and flow), and react quickly to incidents and leakages to improve performance and energy efficiency



Big data to improve water supply and wastewater treatment operations, overall efficiency, and planning for network extension



Total online care service for the end-users including online payment and water consumption analysis and virtual service centres to improve customer services



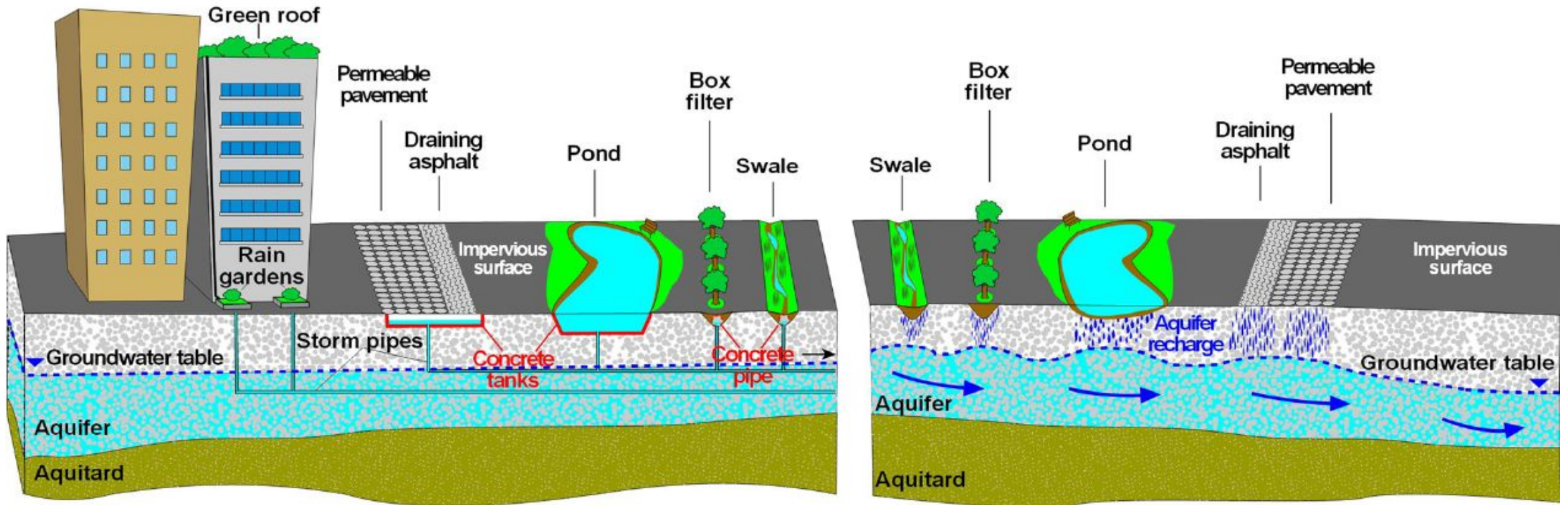
Forecasting and early warning for urban flooding

Sponge City Construction



- Sponge city construction involves a series of infrastructure which can mitigate impacts from floods and droughts through artificial and natural based solutions for storing and timely releasing excess rainfall
- In the PRC, 30 pilot sponge cities including Shenzhen are under implementation
- Contractual arrangement with the municipal government varies

Climate-resilient Techniques



(Left) Separated drainage system for storm water collection from sewerage system for wastewater collection. (Right) Aquifer recharge management. Both techniques will absorb urban runoff and enable urban areas to adapt to climate change.

Key Lessons Learned

- **One ADB Approach** provides a one-stop solution synthesizing ADB's transactional expertise and sector knowledge to mainstream climate change adaptation in water sector through non-sovereign financing
- Well structured sponge city PPP contract against pre-determined performance indicators and integrated model covering water, wastewater and sponge city **improve the bankability of adaptation projects**
- The implementation of **smart water management** accelerates the transition towards more sustainable use of water beyond the COVID-19 pandemic
- SZWG's know-how transfer to the 3rd and 4th tier cities via **peer-to-peer learning** is expected to enhance local governments' climate consciousness in their economic recovery