# Coordination of adaptation policies and plans in the Pacific

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#### **Outline**

- Context coordination challenges in the Pacific
- Institutions for coordination Vanuatu's National Advisory Board
- Policy frameworks for coordination Joint National Action Plans for CC and DRM – Tonga, Tuvalu, Nauru, Kiribati
- National local government coordination
  Choiseul Province, Solomon Islands











- High cost of transport
- High cost of communications
- Challenges for national and regional coordination
- Small administrations big portfolios
- Relatively high ODA per capita











### Climate change coordination

- Historically, departments of environment responsible for coordination
- Move to centralise coordination functions in central ministries (Foreign Affairs, Office of the President etc)
- Challenges in terms of definition of roles, bureaucratic bottlenecks, boundaries of coordination vs implementation, working with technical expertise at sector level











## Vanuatu's National Advisory Board on Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction

#### Primary purpose is to:

"Act as Vanuatu's supreme policy making and advisory body for all disaster risk reduction and climate change programs, projects, initiatives and activities".











## Why?

- Many areas of overlap CCA and DRR
- To improve efficiency, coordination, governance and strategic direction















#### Six main duties

- **1. Policy making and advisory body** for all DRR and CC, projects, initiatives and activities.
- 2. Develop policies, guidelines and positions.
- 3. Advise on international, regional and national obligations
- **4.** Advise, facilitate and endorse the **development** of new DRR & CC programs, projects, initiatives and activities including **mainstreaming** CC and DRR.
- **5.** Act as a focal point for **information-sharing and coordination** on CC/DRR <u>www.nab.vu</u>
- **6.** Advise, guide and coordinate the development of national CC & DRR **financing** processes.



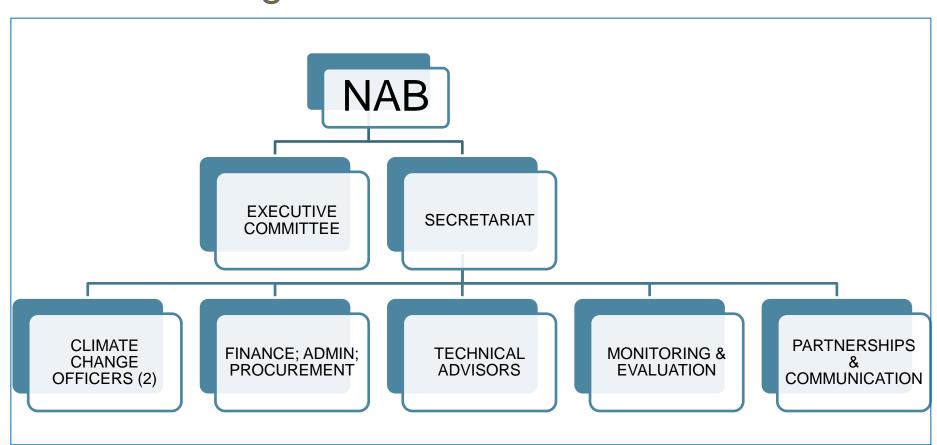








## National Advisory Board on Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction











## **Early results**

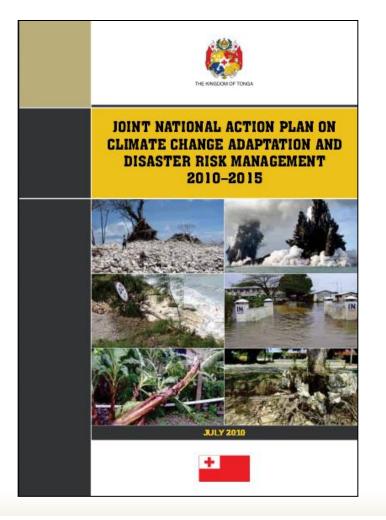
- Improved processes clear roles, responsibilities and guidelines and one channel for all CC and DRM projects
- Addressing bottlenecks Executive Committee for urgent decisions
- Improved collaboration and learning among CC and DRM practitioners, government and NGO partners
- More resources for core functions of coordination, information and knowledge management <u>www.nab.vu</u> monitoring and evaluation
- Scarce resources better utilised promoting effective collaboration and minimising duplication of effort

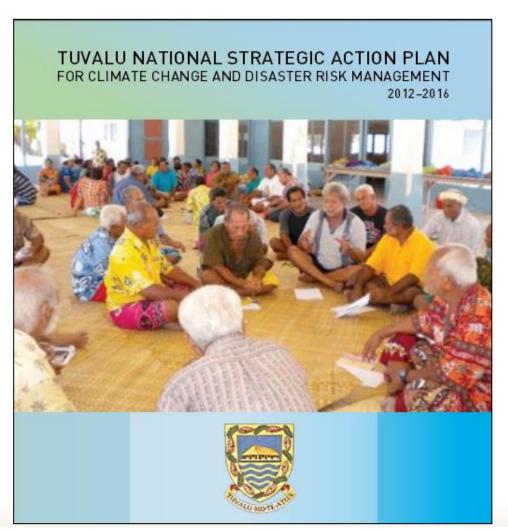






## Joint CC and DRM planning











### **Early results**

- Recognises existing constraints and makes use of opportunities for synergies across government and NGOs
- Useful as a vehicle for increasing political will and promoting mainstreaming
- Can support leveraging funding

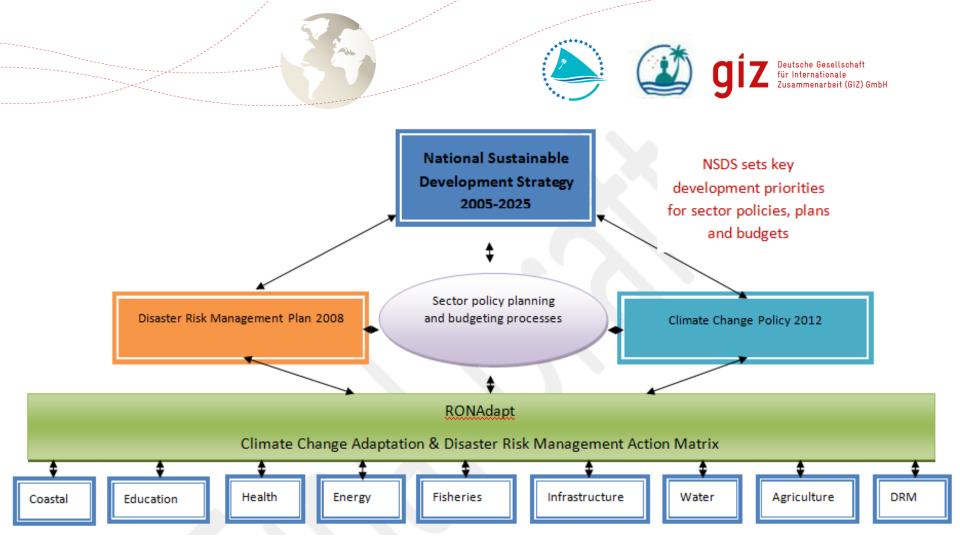






#### Some challenges

- Important to avoid plan proliferation useful in mainstreaming CC and DRM – shouldn't outlive its useful shelf life!
- Important to keep momentum going once process has started – avoid ten year old draft policies!
- Buy-in essential
- Good to recognise importance of coordination but also its limits – avoid blurring of implementation activities and leave to technical agencies
- How does it fit with the NAP process?









#### **Choiseul Province, Solomon Islands**

 Province-wide integrated resource management approach driven by Choiseul Provincial Government

Central government, external agencies
 (SPC, SPREP, GIZ, UNDP, AusAID, DCCEE, USAID) and NGOs

(TNC)

collaboration to deliver a programmatic approach











#### **Early results**

- Formal agreement between 6 institutions to collaborate on delivery assistance in an integrated way in one province based on a province-wide vulnerability assessment and draft implementation plan
- Driven by provincial and national government and development partners eager to support



























#### Key messages

- Links between overall national sustainable development strategy – national CC and DRM strategies – sectoral strategies – local government strategies <u>are vital</u>
- Institutional structures / policies that outline clear roles and responsibilities and promote sharing and learning required
- Centralising coordination functions can assist but needs to be done with care....
- Crucial is that everyone has bought into the process and the coordinators, coordinate!







